



# Programming for Robotics

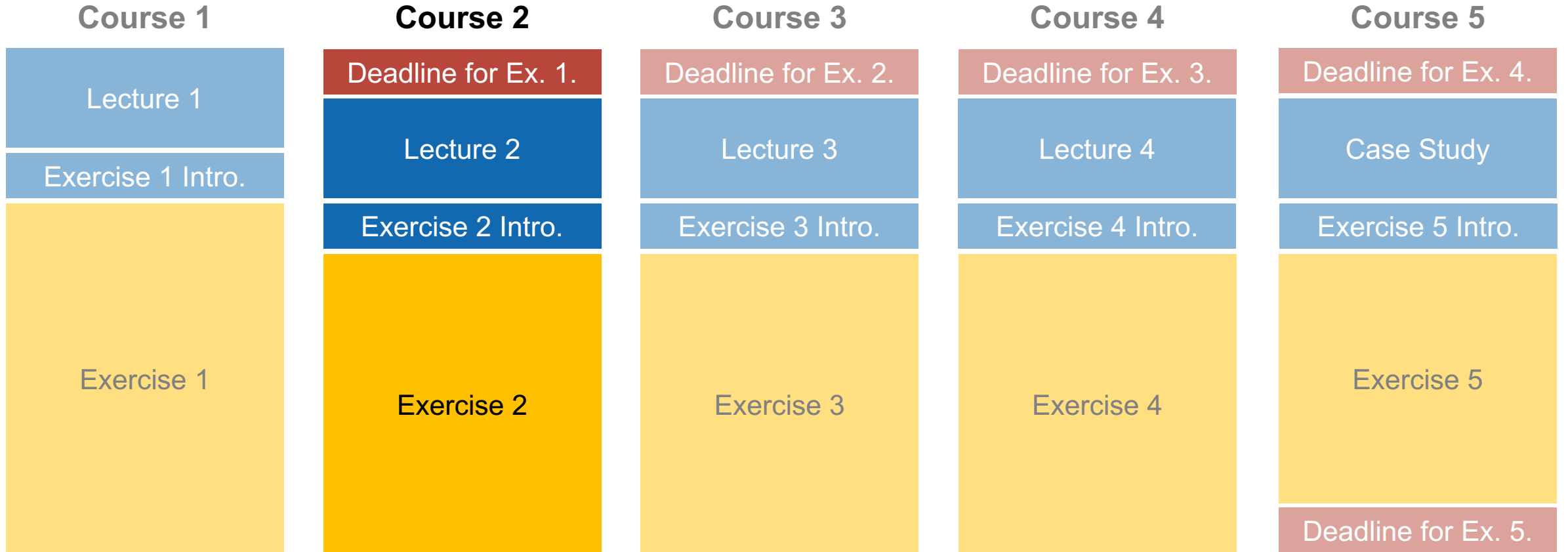
## Introduction to ROS

Course 2

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# Course Structure



## Overview Course 2

- ROS package structure
- Integration and programming with Eclipse
- ROS C++ client library (roscpp)
- ROS subscribers and publishers
- ROS parameter server
- RViz visualization

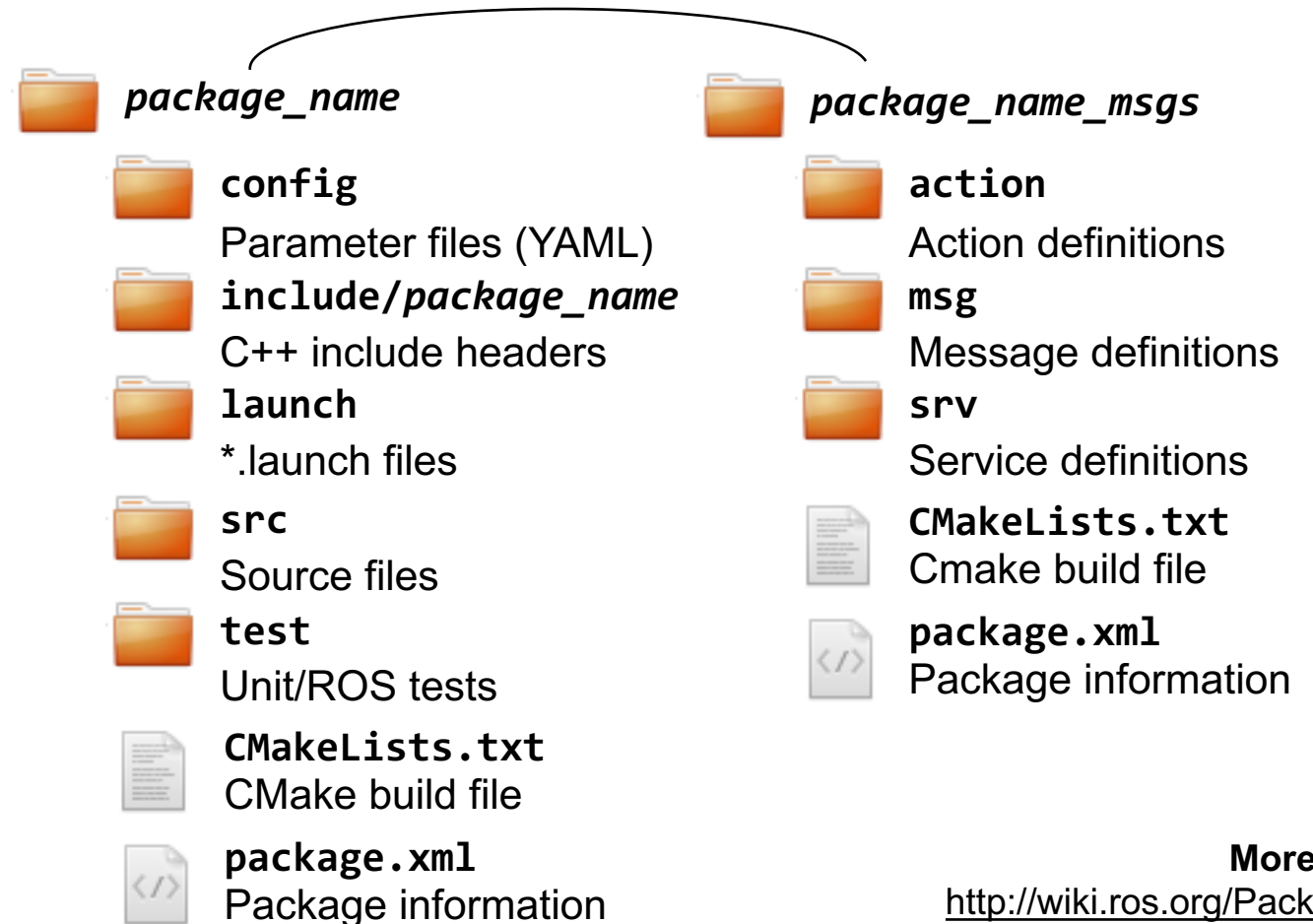
# ROS Packages

- ROS software is organized into *packages*, which can contain source code, launch files, configuration files, message definitions, data, and documentation
- A package that builds up on/requires other packages (e.g. message definitions), declares these as *dependencies*

To create a new package, use

```
> catkin_create_pkg package_name
  {dependencies}
```

Separate message definition packages from other packages!



**More info**

<http://wiki.ros.org/Packages>

# ROS Packages

## package.xml

- The package.xml file defines the properties of the package
  - Package name
  - Version number
  - Authors
  - **Dependencies on other packages**
  - ...

### package.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0"?>
<package format="2">
  <name>ros_package_template</name>
  <version>0.1.0</version>
  <description>A template for ROS packages.</description>
  <maintainer email="pfankhauser@e...">Peter Fankhauser</maintainer>
  <license>BSD</license>
  <url type="website">https://github.com/ethz-asl/ros_best_pr...</url>
  <author email="pfankhauser@ethz.ch">Peter Fankhauser</author>

  <buildtool_depend>catkin</buildtool_depend>

  <depend>roscpp</depend>
  <depend>sensor_msgs</depend>
</package>
```

### More info

<http://wiki.ros.org/catkin/package.xml>

# ROS Packages

## CMakeLists.xml

The CMakeLists.txt is the input to the CMakebuild system

1. Required CMake Version (cmake\_minimum\_required)
2. Package Name (project())
3. Find other CMake/Catkin packages needed for build (find\_package())
4. Message/Service/Action Generators (add\_message\_files(), add\_service\_files(), add\_action\_files())
5. Invoke message/service/action generation (generate\_messages())
6. Specify package build info export (catkin\_package())
7. Libraries/Executables to build (add\_library()/add\_executable()/target\_link\_libraries())
8. Tests to build (catkin\_add\_gtest())
9. Install rules (install())

### CMakeLists.txt

```
cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 2.8.3)
project(ros_package_template)

## Use C++11
add_definitions(--std=c++11)

## Find catkin macros and libraries
find_package(catkin REQUIRED
  COMPONENTS
    roscpp
    sensor_msgs
)
...
```

**More info**

<http://wiki.ros.org/catkin/CMakeLists.txt>

# ROS Packages

## CMakeLists.xml Example

```
cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 2.8.3)
project(husky_highlevel_controller)
add_definitions(--std=c++11)
```

Use the same name as in the package.xml

We use C++11 by default

```
find_package(catkin REQUIRED
  COMPONENTS roscpp sensor_msgs
)
```

List the packages that your package requires to build (have to be listed in package.xml)

```
catkin_package(
  INCLUDE_DIRS include
  # LIBRARIES
  CATKIN_DEPENDS roscpp sensor_msgs
  # DEPENDS
)
```

Specify build export information

- INCLUDE\_DIRS: Directories with header files
- LIBRARIES: Libraries created in this project
- CATKIN\_DEPENDS: Packages dependent projects also need
- DEPENDS: System dependencies dependent projects also need (have to be listed in package.xml)

```
include_directories(include ${catkin_INCLUDE_DIRS})
```

Specify locations of of header files

```
add_executable(${PROJECT_NAME} src/${PROJECT_NAME}_node.cpp
src/HuskyHighlevelController.cpp)
```

Declare a C++ executable

```
target_link_libraries(${PROJECT_NAME} ${catkin_LIBRARIES})
```

Specify libraries to link the executable against

# Setup a Project in Eclipse

- Build the Eclipse project files with additional build flag

```
> catkin build package_name -G"Eclipse CDT4 - Unix Makefiles"  
-DCMAKE_CXX_COMPILER_ARG1=-std=c++11
```

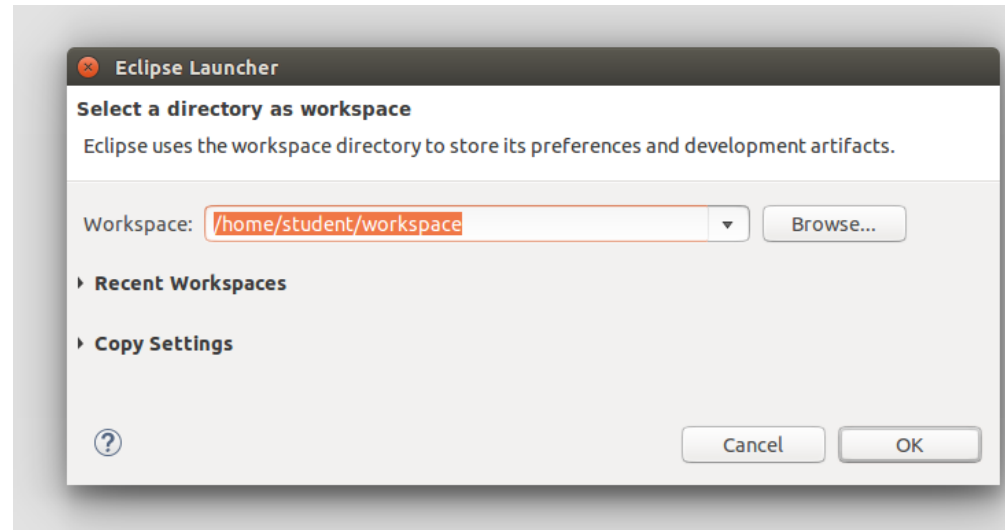
- The project files will be generated in `~/catkin_ws/build`

The build flags are already setup in the provided installation.



# Setup a Project in Eclipse

- Start Eclipse and set the workspace folder

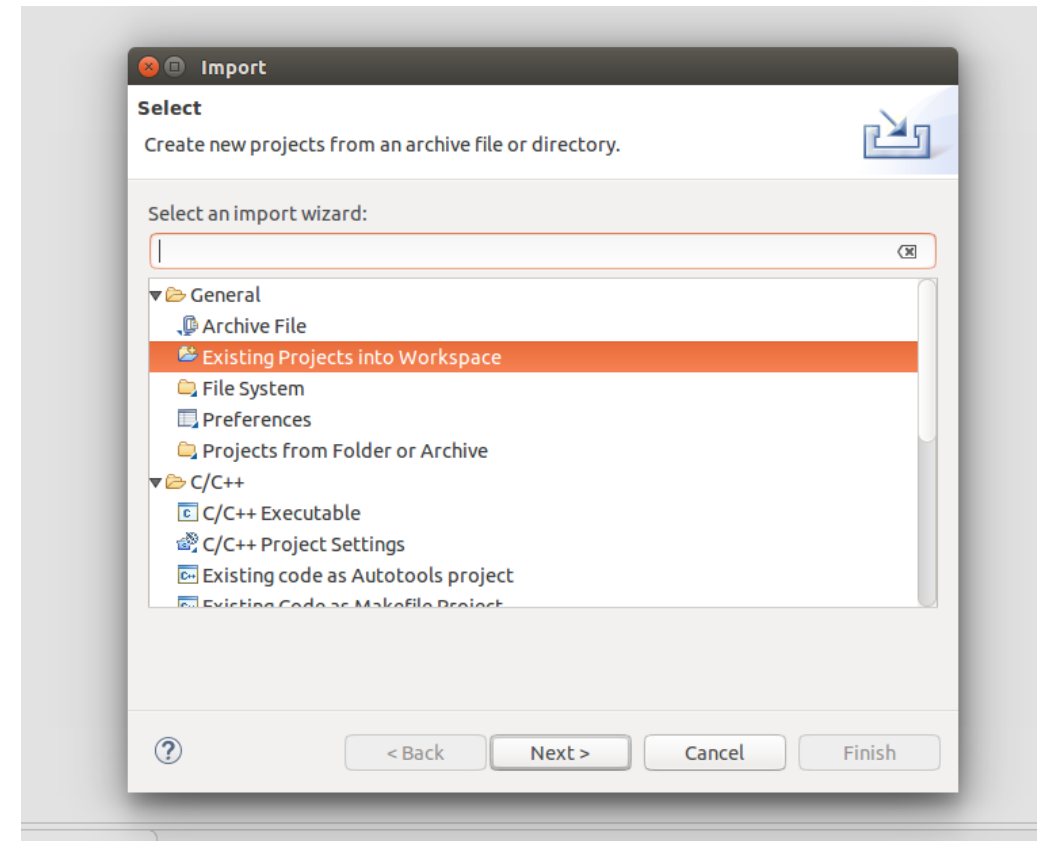


The Eclipse workspace is already set in the provided installation.

# Setup a Project in Eclipse

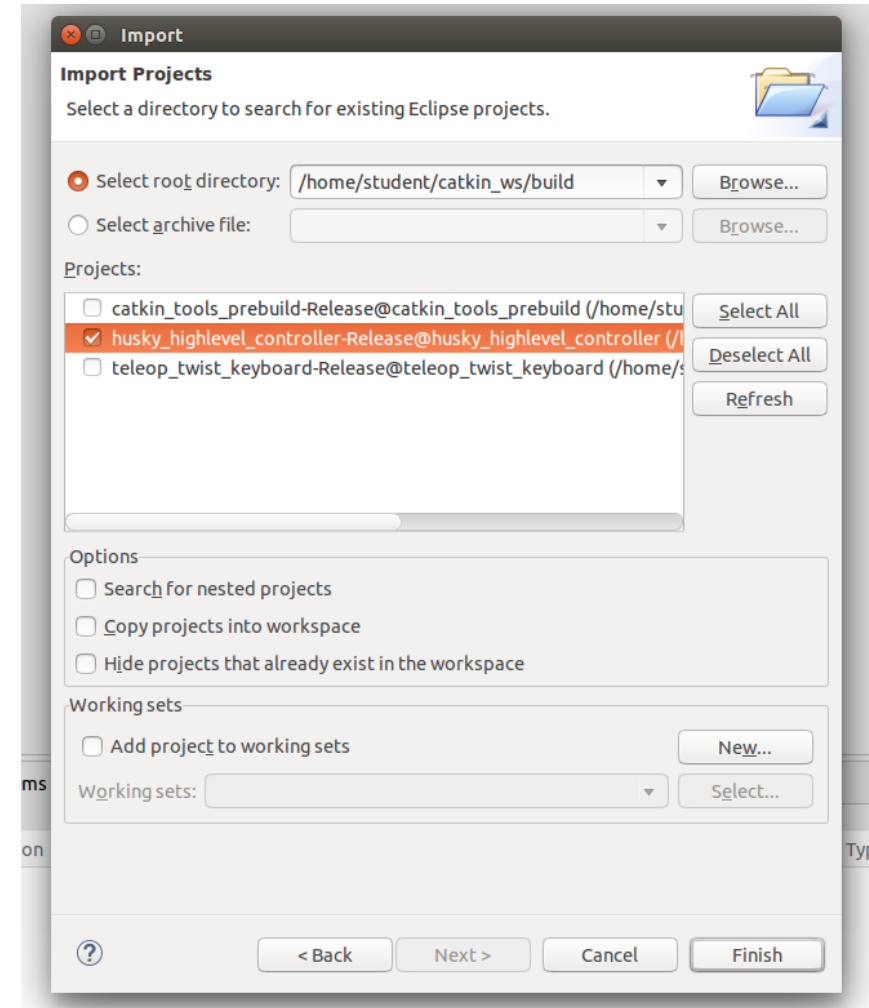
- Import your project to Eclipse

File → Import → General  
→ Existing Projects into Workspace



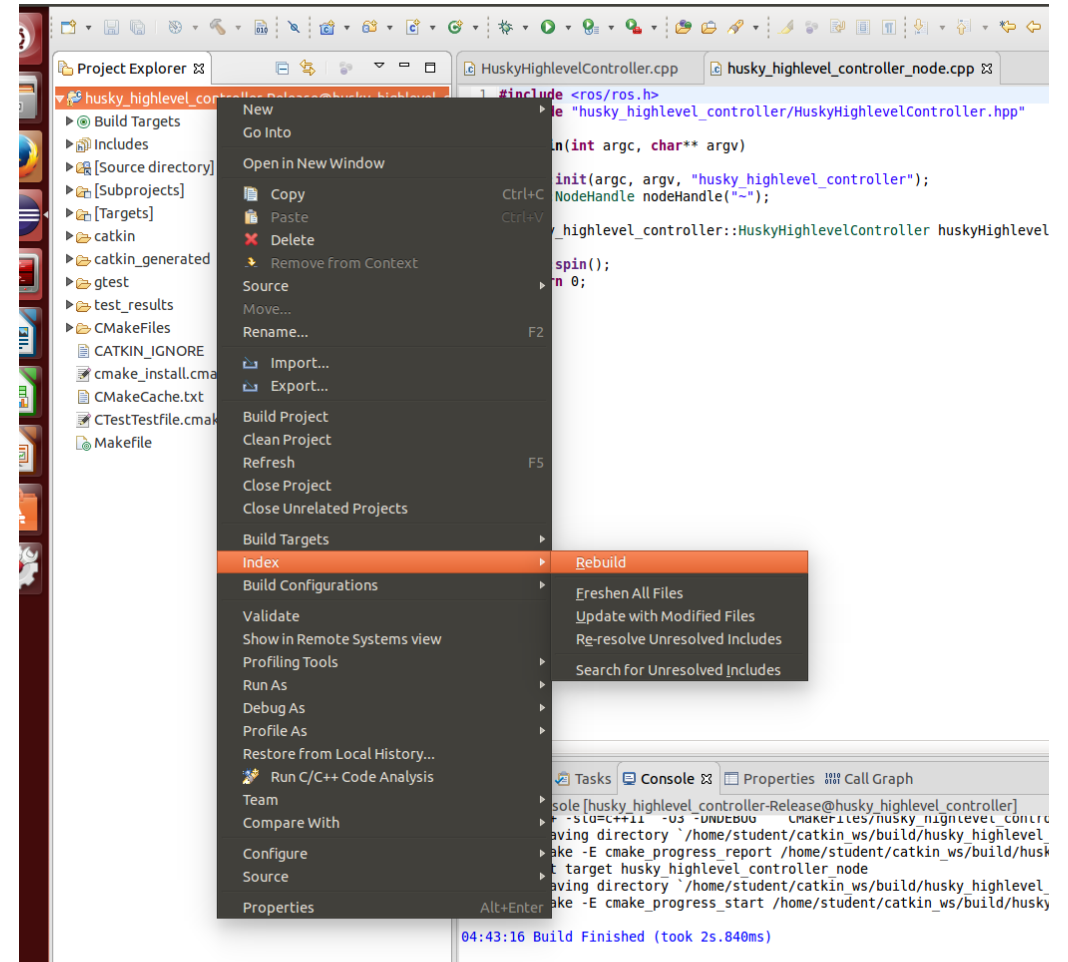
# Setup a Project in Eclipse

- The project files can be imported from the `~/catkin_ws/build` folder



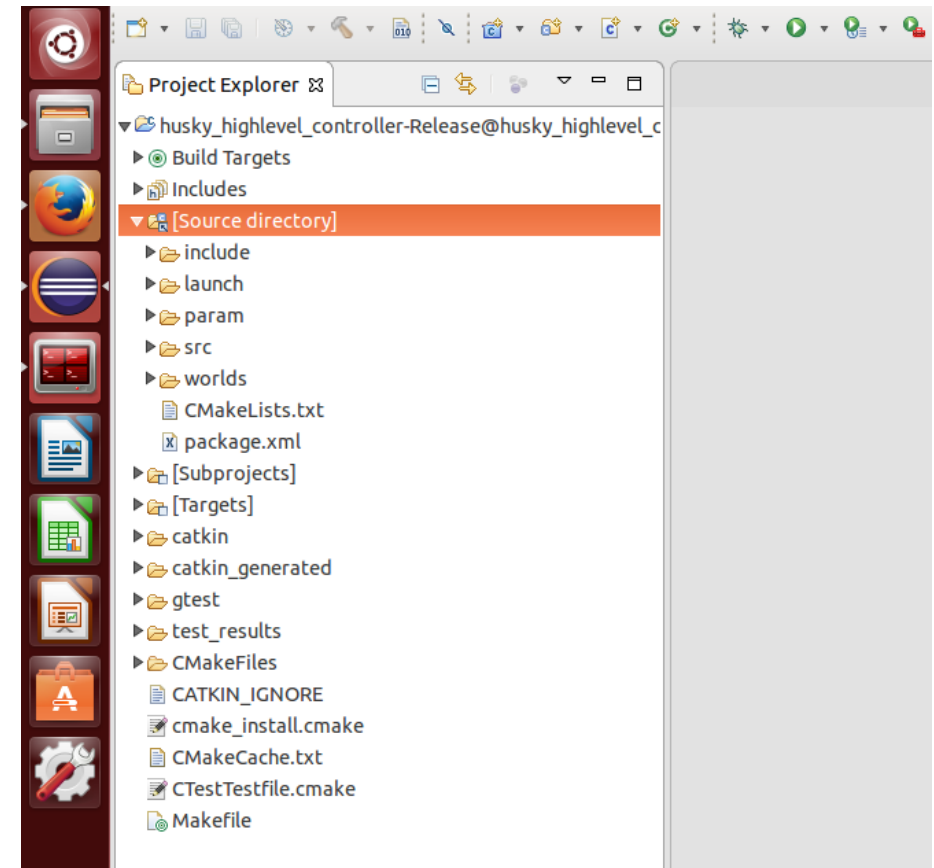
# Setup a Project in Eclipse

- Rebuild the C/C++ index of your project by Right click on Project → Index → Rebuild
- Resolving the includes enables
  - Fast navigation through links (Ctrl + click)
  - Auto-completion (Ctrl + Space)
  - Building (Ctrl + B) and debugging your code in Eclipse



# Setup a Project in Eclipse

- Within the project a link [Source directory] is provided such that you can edit your project
- Useful Eclipse shortcuts
  - Ctrl + Space: Auto-complete
  - Ctrl + /: Comment / uncomment line or section
  - Ctrl + Shift + F: Auto-format code using code formatter
  - Alt + Arrow Up / Arrow Down: Move line or selection up or down
  - Ctrl + D: Delete line



# ROS C++ Client Library (*roscpp*)

*hello\_world.cpp*

```
#include <ros/ros.h>

int main(int argc, char** argv)
{
    ros::init(argc, argv, "hello_world");
    ros::NodeHandle nodeHandle;
    ros::Rate loopRate(10);

    unsigned int count = 0;
    while (ros::ok()) {
        ROS_INFO_STREAM("Hello World " << count);
        ros::spinOnce();
        loopRate.sleep();
        count++;
    }

    return 0;
}
```

ROS main header file include

`ros::init(...)` has to be called before calling other ROS functions

The node handle is the access point for communications with the ROS system (topics, services, parameters)

`ros::Rate` is a helper class to run loops at a desired frequency

`ros::ok()` checks if a node should continue running

Returns false if SIGINT is received (Ctrl + C) or `ros::shutdown()` has been called

`ROS_INFO()` logs messages to the filesystem

`ros::spinOnce()` processes incoming messages via callbacks

**More info**

<http://wiki.ros.org/roscpp>

<http://wiki.ros.org/roscpp/Overview>

# ROS C++ Client Library (*roscpp*)

## Node Handle

- There are four main types of node handles

1. Default (public) node handle:  
`nh_ = ros::NodeHandle();`
2. Private node handle:  
`nh_private_ = ros::NodeHandle("~");`
3. Namespaced node handle:  
`nh_eth_ = ros::NodeHandle("eth");`
4. Global node handle:  
`nh_global_ = ros::NodeHandle("/");`

Recommended

Not recommended

For a *node* in *namespace* looking up *topic*, these will resolve to:

`/namespace/topic`

`/namespace/node/topic`

`/namespace/eth/topic`

`/topic`

**More info**

<http://wiki.ros.org/roscpp/Overview/NodeHandles>

# ROS C++ Client Library (*roscpp*)

## Logging

- Mechanism for logging human readable text from nodes in the console and to log files
- Instead of `std::cout`, use e.g. `ROS_INFO`
- Automatic logging to console, log file, and `/rosout` topic
- Different severity levels (Info, Warn, Error etc.)
- Supports both printf- and stream-style formatting

```
ROS_INFO("Result: %d", result);
ROS_INFO_STREAM("Result: " << result);
```

- Further features such as conditional, throttled, delayed logging etc.

	Debug	Info	Warn	Error	Fatal
<b>stdout</b>	x	x			
<b>stderr</b>			x	x	x
<b>Log file</b>	x	x	x	x	x
<b>/rosout</b>	x	x	x	x	x

! To see the output in the console, set the output configuration to screen in the launch file

```
<launch>
  <node name="listener" output="screen"/>
</launch>
```

**More info**

<http://wiki.ros.org/rosconsole>

<http://wiki.ros.org/roscpp/Overview/Logging>



# ROS C++ Client Library (*roscpp*)

## Subscriber

- Start listening to a topic by calling the method `subscribe()` of the node handle

```
ros::Subscriber subscriber =
nodeHandle.subscribe(topic, queue_size,
                    callback_function);
```

- When a message is received, callback function is called with the contents of the message as argument
- Hold on to the subscriber object until you want to unsubscribe

`ros::spin()` processes callbacks and will not return until the node has been shutdown

### listener.cpp

```
#include "ros/ros.h"
#include "std_msgs/String.h"

void chatterCallback(const std_msgs::String& msg)
{
    ROS_INFO("I heard: [%s]", msg.data.c_str());
}

int main(int argc, char **argv)
{
    ros::init(argc, argv, "listener");
    ros::NodeHandle nodeHandle;

    ros::Subscriber subscriber =
        nodeHandle.subscribe("chatter",10, chatterCallback);
    ros::spin();
    return 0;
}
```

**More info**

<http://wiki.ros.org/roscpp/Overview/Publishers%20and%20Subscribers>

# ROS C++ Client Library (*roscpp*)

## Publisher

- Create a publisher with help of the node handle

```
ros::Publisher publisher =  
nodeHandle.advertise<message_type>(topic,  
queue_size);
```

- Create the message contents
- Publish the contents with

```
publisher.publish(message);
```

*talker.cpp*

```
#include <ros/ros.h>  
#include <std_msgs/String.h>  
  
int main(int argc, char **argv) {  
  ros::init(argc, argv, "talker");  
  ros::NodeHandle nh;  
  ros::Publisher chatterPublisher =  
    nh.advertise<std_msgs::String>("chatter", 1);  
  ros::Rate loopRate(10);  
  
  unsigned int count = 0;  
  while (ros::ok()) {  
    std_msgs::String message;  
    message.data = "hello world " + std::to_string(count);  
    ROS_INFO_STREAM(message.data);  
    chatterPublisher.publish(message);  
    ros::spinOnce();  
    loopRate.sleep();  
    count++;  
  }  
  return 0;  
}
```

### More info

<http://wiki.ros.org/roscpp/Overview/Publishers%20and%20Subscribers>

# ROS C++ Client Library (*roscpp*)



## Object Oriented Programming

 my\_package\_node.cpp

```
#include <ros/ros.h>
#include "my_package/MyPackage.hpp"
int main(int argc, char** argv)
{
    ros::init(argc, argv, "my_package");
    ros::NodeHandle nodeHandle("~");



    my_package::MyPackage myPackage(nodeHandle);

    ros::spin();
    return 0;
}
```

 MyPackage.hpp  
 MyPackage.cpp

### class MyPackage

Main node class  
 providing ROS interface  
 (subscribers, parameters,  
 timers etc.)

 Algorithm.hpp  
 Algorithm.cpp

### class Algorithm

Class implementing the  
 algorithmic part of the  
 node

*Note: The algorithmic part of the  
 code could be separated in a  
 (ROS-independent) library*

! Specify a function handler to a method from within the class as

```
subscriber_ = nodeHandle_.subscribe(topic, queue_size,  
&ClassName::methodName, this);
```

**More info**

[http://wiki.ros.org/roscpp\\_tutorials/Tutorials/  
 UsingClassMethodsAsCallbacks](http://wiki.ros.org/roscpp_tutorials/Tutorials/UsingClassMethodsAsCallbacks)

# ROS Parameter Server

- Nodes use the *parameter server* to store and retrieve parameters at runtime
- Best used for static data such as configuration parameters
- Parameters can be defined in launch files or separate *YAML* files

List all parameters with

```
> rosparam list
```

Get the value of a parameter with

```
> rosparam get parameter_name
```

Set the value of a parameter with

```
> rosparam set parameter_name value
```

*config.yaml*

```
camera:
  left:
    name: left_camera
    exposure: 1
  right:
    name: right_camera
    exposure: 1.1
```

*package.launch*

```
<launch>
  <node name="name" pkg="package" type="node_type">
    <rosparam command="load"
      file="$(find package)/config/config.yaml" />
  </node>
</launch>
```

**More info**

<http://wiki.ros.org/rosparam>

# ROS Parameter Server

## C++ API

- Get a parameter in C++ with

```
nodeHandle.getParam(parameter_name, variable)
```

- Method returns true if parameter was found, false otherwise
- Global and relative parameter access:
  - Global parameter name with preceding /

```
nodeHandle.getParam("/package/camera/left/exposure", variable)
```
  - Relative parameter name (relative to the node handle)

```
nodeHandle.getParam("camera/left/exposure", variable)
```
- For parameters, typically use the private node handle `ros::NodeHandle("~")`

```
ros::NodeHandle nodeHandle("~");
std::string topic;
if (!nodeHandle.getParam("topic", topic)) {
    ROS_ERROR("Could not find topic
              parameter!");
}
```

**More info**

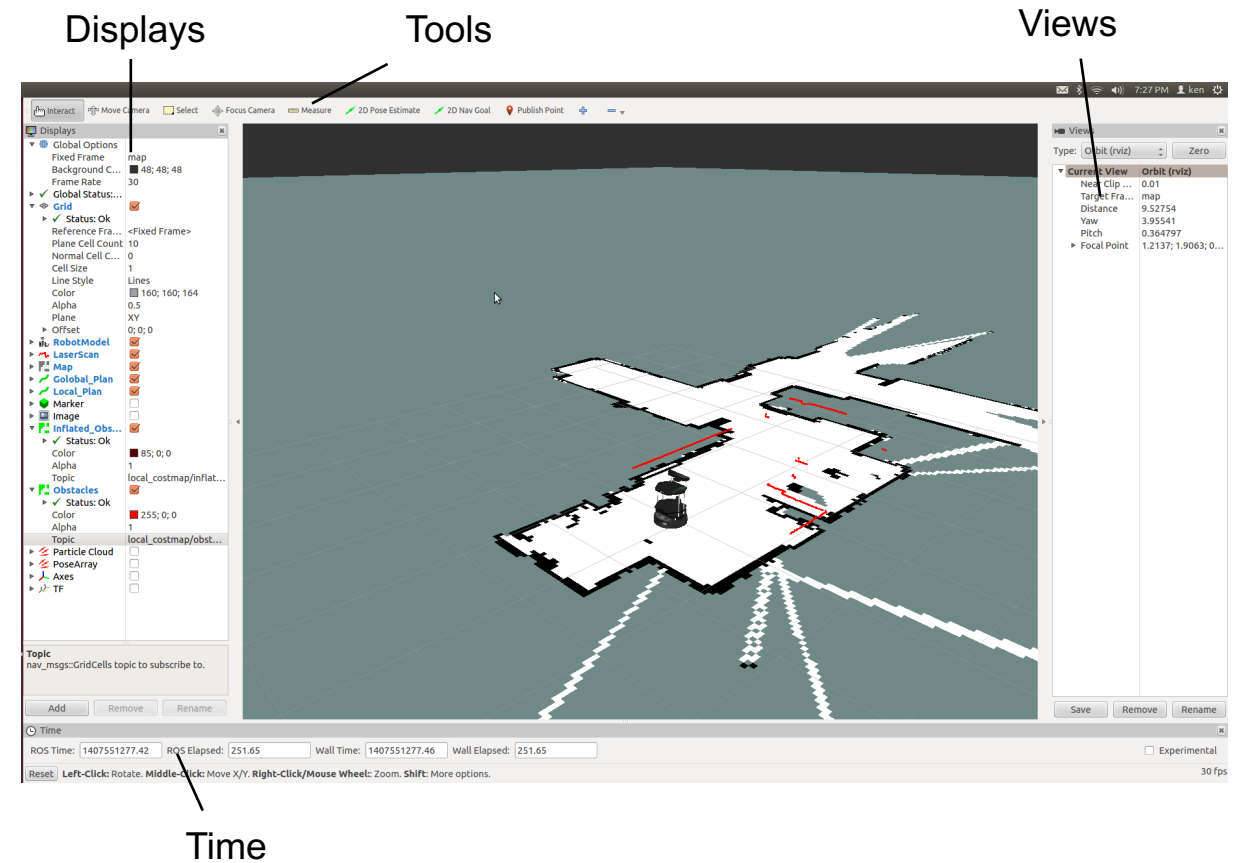
<http://wiki.ros.org/roscpp/Overview/Parameter%20Server>

# RViz

- 3D visualization tool for ROS
- Subscribes to topics and visualizes the message contents
- Different camera views (orthographic, top-down, etc.)
- Interactive tools to publish user information
- Save and load setup as RViz configuration
- Extensible with plugins

Run RViz with

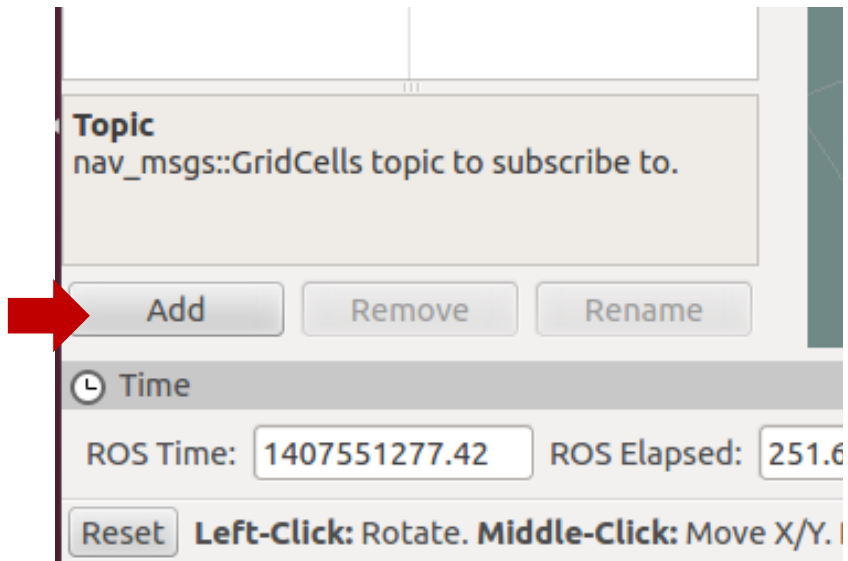
```
> rosrun rviz rviz
```
































**More info**  
<http://wiki.ros.org/rviz>

# RViz

## Display Plugins



- |   |  |
|---|--|
|  Axes                |  Odometry         |
|  Camera              |  Path             |
|  DepthCloud          |  PointCloud       |
|  Effort              |  PointCloud2      |
|  FluidPressure       |  PointStamped     |
|  Grid                |  Polygon          |
|  GridCells           |  Pose             |
|  Group               |  PoseArray        |
|  Illuminance         |  Range            |
|  Image               |  RelativeHumidity |
|  InteractiveMarkers |  RobotModel      |
|  LaserScan         |  TF             |
|  Map               |  Temperature    |
|  Marker            |  WrenchStamped  |
|  MarkerArray       |  |

# RViz

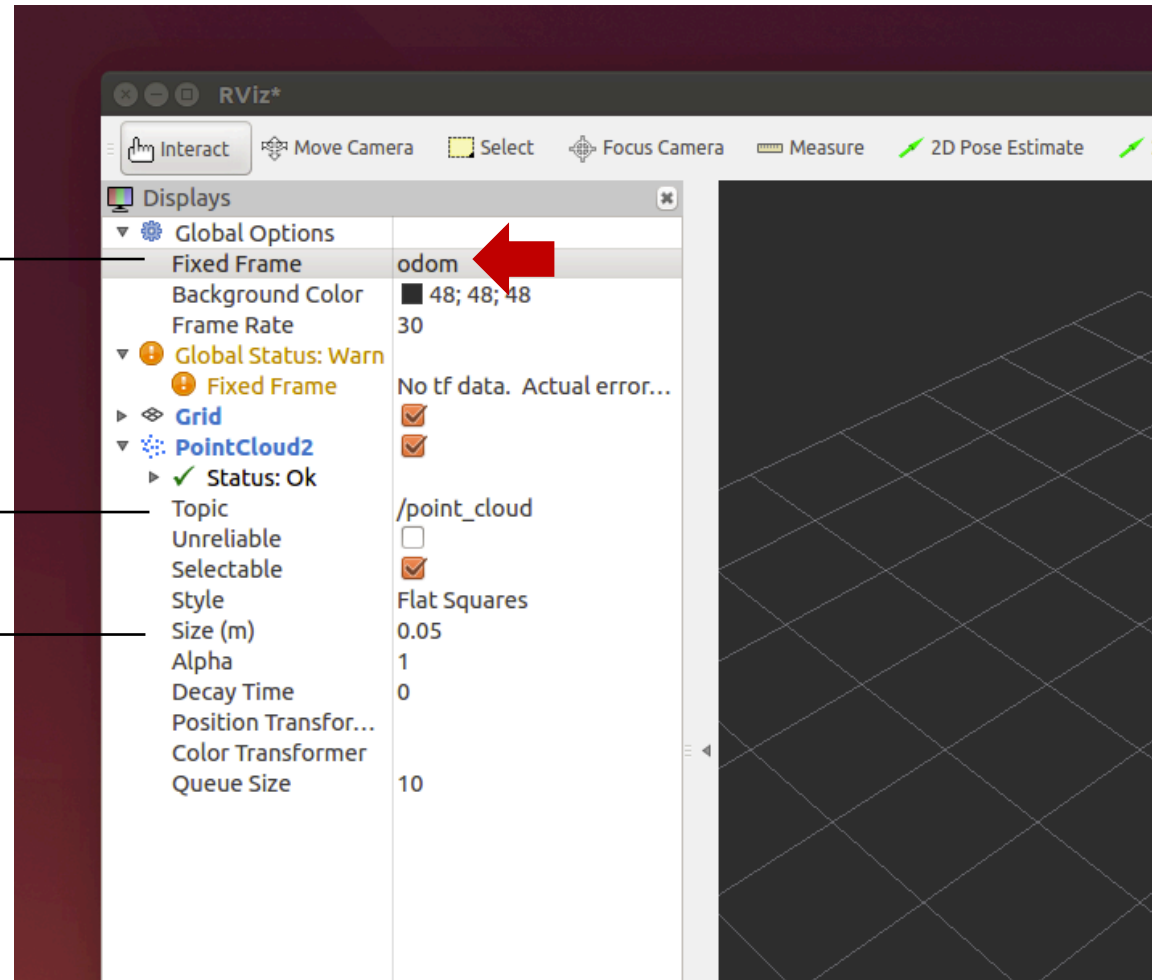
## Visualizing Point Clouds Example



Frame in which the data is displayed (has to exist!)

Choose the topic for the display

Change the display options (e.g. size)





## Further References

- **ROS Wiki**
  - <http://wiki.ros.org/>
- **Installation**
  - <http://wiki.ros.org/ROS/Installation>
- **Tutorials**
  - <http://wiki.ros.org/ROS/Tutorials>
- **Available packages**
  - <http://www.ros.org/browse/>
- **ROS Cheat Sheet**
  - [https://github.com/ros/cheatsheet/releases/download/0.0.1/ROSCheatsheet\\_catkin.pdf](https://github.com/ros/cheatsheet/releases/download/0.0.1/ROSCheatsheet_catkin.pdf)
- **ROS Best Practices**
  - [https://github.com/ethz-asl/ros\\_best\\_practices/wiki](https://github.com/ethz-asl/ros_best_practices/wiki)
- **ROS Package Template**
  - [https://github.com/ethz-asl/ros\\_best\\_practices/tree/master/ros\\_package\\_template](https://github.com/ethz-asl/ros_best_practices/tree/master/ros_package_template)

# Contact Information

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Course website:

<http://www.rsl.ethz.ch/education-students/lectures/ros.html>